Outreach to Prevent and Reduce Food Waste

Iowa Waste Reduction Center

University of Northern Iowa

MOULTON-UDELL COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Iowa Waste Reduction Center (IWRC) received grant funding from the United States Department of Agriculture's Office of Rural Development to assist K-12 schools throughout rural Iowa. The goal of the project is to help K-12 schools and districts reduce the amount of food waste currently headed to the landfill.

ASSISTANCE TO REDUCE FOOD WASTE AT K-12 SCHOOLS

The wide-array of assistance provided by the IWRC includes the following:

- · Measuring pre-consumer kitchen food waste
- Training kitchen staff to measure, record, and analyze food waste being tossed from the kitchen
- Measuring student food waste by conducting waste sorts but also including beverage waste, trash, plastics, cold lunch waste, and edible leftover foods normally thrown away by students
- Providing cost / benefits analyses of current disposal practices
- Analyzing environmental, social, and economic benefits of preventing and reducing food waste
- Promoting donation of edible whole, uneaten, and unopened foods to local non-profit organizations
- Implementing food waste composting with proper siting and techniques
- Providing regulatory counsel regarding donation of food and food waste composting both on-site and off-site
- Distributing age-appropriate posters developed by the IWRC to K-12 schools to hang in lunch room; posters create awareness of issues surrounding food waste
- Furnishing K-12 schools with fact sheets and training guides so they can conduct waste sorts, kitchen food waste tracking and analyses, and strategies to prevent and reduce food waste
- Uploading all materials developed for the project available on the IWRC's website to reach a broader audience
- All information provided has been made available to each school / district in a customized report complete with recommendations to prevent and reduce food waste based on the on-site assistance provided

Teacher Kim
Lawson (at left)
and her students
implement a
composting
project to recycle
the district's
fruits and
vegetables.



K-12 schools have been eager to learn how much food waste and beverage waste they are sending to the landfill. It varies from school to school and by age range, but by conducting waste sorts to measure different waste streams, then extrapolating the food waste data, K-12 schools can get an estimated snapshot of how much food waste each student in their district is throwing away daily and yearly. This number is much more important to gauge success when implementing strategies than only looking at the tonnage that is tossed by district or school yearly.

The IWRC has worked with some really great students, teachers, staff, and administration from rural schools and districts all over lowa. Many of them are already doing amazing things to prevent and reduce food and beverage waste.

MOULTON-UDELL COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Moulton-Udell Community School District was visited by the Iowa Waste Reduction Center to conduct waste audits in the cafeteria and kitchen at the district. Kitchen manager, Trudy Kerby has already implemented many strategies to prevent and reduce food waste. In addition, science teacher Geri Harnisch has implemented a robust recycling operation where students take turns sorting recyclables such as glass, paper, plastic and cardboard into labeled bins and dedicated staff members haul these items to the nearby recycling center. Moreover, family and consumer science teacher Kim Lawson has implemented a food waste composting project with

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Trudy Kerby
(at left) is
the kitchen
manager at
the district
and works
diligently
to prevent
leftovers
from being
discarded.



student support. Fresh fruits and vegetables are placed in a bucket after lunch by students. This is then composted in a double barrel composting bin. Moulton-Udell CSD has great staff and teachers that encourage students with a sustainable ideology.

Trudy Kerby stated that almost all left-over foods are re-served and that not much ends up in the garbage. For example, new menu items are offered throughout the year. Trudy, who's never sure how these new items will be received by students will offer left-overs as an additional option when new items are making an appearance on the menu. She doesn't worry about how many servings of left-overs are remaining, she just re-serves them hoping they will get eaten up rather than end up in the garbage.

Trudy has also implemented a share table where students can place whole, uneaten, food items that are left on trays at the end of meals. Other students can take these food items if they'd like. Trudy stated that most foods on the share table are consumed and do not end up in the garbage. Left-overs only make it to the garbage on Fridays when salad bar items will not remain fresh through the weekend.

All together, the school district's students generate an estimated 88.4 pounds of food and beverage waste per school day after both breakfast and lunch. Food and beverage waste makes up 85% of all cafeteria waste being disposed of in the landfill. Trash, recyclables, and cold lunch waste makes up the remaining 15% of materials disposed in the landfill. Each student generates and estimated 0.5 pounds of food and beverage waste daily (breakfast and lunch) or 83 pounds yearly. The district disposes an estimated 15,900 pounds of food and beverage waste yearly or about 8 tons. Moulton-Udell Community School District is ahead of the curve with all the strategies they've implemented to prevent and reduce food waste!

RESULTS OF WASTE AUDITS AT THE DISTRICT

The IWRC has conducted over 30 waste audits at K-12 schools throughout lowa and has found the extrapolated average is 0.3 pounds of food waste that students toss after lunch. This does not include food waste after breakfast or any beverage waste. South Central Calhoun Community School District district as a whole is doing better than the IWRC's extrapolated average of 0.3 pounds tossed by each student after lunch. Students in this district are tossing less at 0.2 pounds of food waste after lunch.

While the school district already has a handle on strategies that work to prevent and reduce food waste, there are other techniques that can also help including the following:

- Schedule recess before lunch to help expend excess energy and create a calmer lunch environment while stimulating appetites.
- Extend meal times to at least 25 minutes so students have time to finish eating.
- Check food deliveries for freshness before accepting them.
- Order inventory more often less food at once is easier to manage and use.
- Repurpose left-overs into new recipes; turn burgers into chili or stale bread into croûtons.
- Create an appetizing and visually appealing presentation of foods.
- Store foods so that shelf life is optimized.
- Keep track of foods that end up in the garbage more frequently and understand when a recipe change may be in order.
- Donate left-over edible foods from students' trays. Foods that haven't been opened or eaten can be donated to local non-profits that feed the community's food insecure.
- Compost food waste.
- Get students involved in preventing and reducing food waste by helping plan menus, naming food items, and measuring food waste.

The project is in full swing through September, 2018. Once the project concludes, the IWRC will continue to offer assistance to any K-12 school or district in Iowa that is interested in preventing and reducing food waste. "It's been an absolute delight working with so many kids eager to learn more about food waste! And I feel like we are tipping the scale in our state!" stated Jenny Trent who has been conducting on-site assistance to help entities prevent and reduce food waste for the last 6 years.

WANT MORE INFORMATION?

For more information or to request assistance, please contact Jenny Trent at Jennifer.trent@uni.edu.

This material is based upon work supported under a grant by the Rural Utilities Service United States Department of Agriculture. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in the material are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Rural Utilities Service.